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Mon, 03 Dec 2018 17:52:00 GMT principles of neurotransmission proceedings of pdf - In physiology, an action potential occurs when the membrane potential of a specific axon location rapidly rises and falls: this depolarisation then causes adjacent locations to similarly depolarise. Action potentials occur in several types of animal cells, called excitable cells, which include neurons, muscle cells, endocrine cells, and in some plant cells. Tue, 04 Dec 2018 13:05:00 GMT Action potential - Wikipedia - Sensory substitution is a change of the characteristics of one sensory modality into stimuli of another sensory modality.. A sensory substitution system consists of three parts: a sensor, a coupling system, and a stimulator. The sensor records stimuli and gives them to a coupling system which interprets these signals and transmits them to a stimulator. Wed, 05 Dec 2018 18:26:00 GMT Sensory substitution - Wikipedia - A neuron, also known as a neurone (British spelling) and nerve cell, is an electrically excitable cell that receives, processes, and transmits information through electrical and chemical signals. These signals between neurons occur via specialized connections called synapses.Neurons can connect to each other to form neural pathways, and neural circuits. Fri, 30 Nov 2018 11:15:00 GMT Neuron - Wikipedia - What roles do mesolimbic and neostriatal dopamine systems play in reward? Do they mediate the hedonic impact of rewarding stimuli? Do they mediate hedonic reward learning and associative prediction? Our review of the literature, together with results of a new study of residual reward capacity after dopamine depletion, indicates the answer to both questions is `no'. Wed, 05 Dec 2018 10:55:00 GMT What is the role of dopamine in reward: hedonic impact ... - ACTIP bulletin no. 73, 1st May 2018 Next ACTIP meeting. Hosted by Bayer AG, in DÃ¼sseldorf, Germany 7 & 8 June 2018 The meetings are for ACTIP members and individually invited guests. Thu, 06 Dec 2018 03:30:00 GMT ACTIP Bulletin no. 73 â€“ ACTIP - The Molecular Repair of the Brain by Ralph C. Merkle; Xerox PARC 3333 Coyote Hill Road Palo Alto, CA 94304 merkle@parc.xerox.com Please see the separate article on Information-Theoretic Death for a more recent treatment of this fundamental concept.. This article was published in two parts in Cryonics magazine, Vol. 15 No's 1 & 2, January and April 1994. The Molecular Repair of the Brain - Ralph Merkle - La dÃ©pression, Ã©galement appelÃ©e dÃ©pression caractÃ©risÃ©e, dÃ©pression clinique ou dÃ©pression majeure, est un trouble mental caractÃ©risÃ© par des Ã©pisodes de baisse d'humeur (tristesse) accompagnÃ©e d'une faible estime de soi et d'une perte de plaisir ou d'intÃ©rÃªt dans des activitÃ©s habituellement ressenties comme agrÃ©ables par l'individu. . Cet ensemble de symptÃ´mes (syndrome ... DÃ©pression (psychiatrie) â€” WikipÃ©dia -

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